

Using Climate Engine to Prioritize Meadow Restoration and Assess Meadow Conditions

Gwen Starrett, ACCG member

Upper Onion Valley, photo by Chris Fuller

# Sierra Nevada Meadow Vulnerability to Climate Change

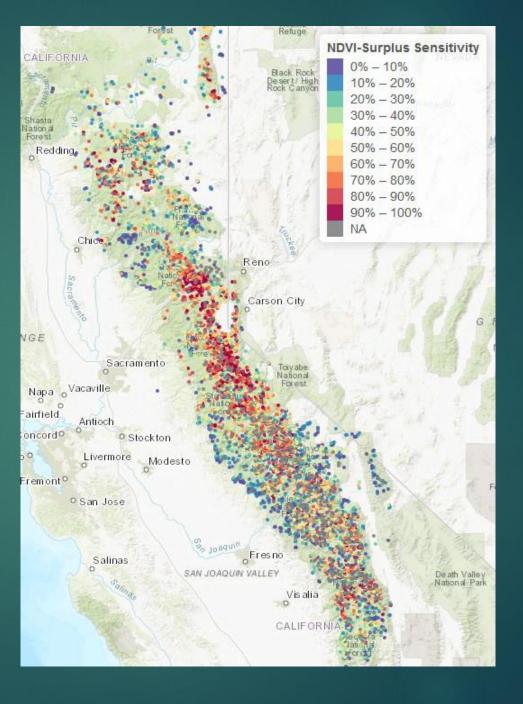
- Goal: Develop a decision-support tool to help prioritize meadow restoration based on vulnerability to climate change
- Objective: ACCG establishes priorities for meadow restoration
- Project Scientists: Shana Gross (USFS) and Meredith McClure (CPS)
- Analysis: Computer analysis of 6000 meadows over time. How do they respond to changing temperature and precipitation?
- Funded by California Landscape Conservation Partnership
- Work completed in summer 2018
- Shana Gross will present to ACCG in February 2019

Sierra Nevada Meadow Restoration Prioritization Process

Vulnerability Assessment

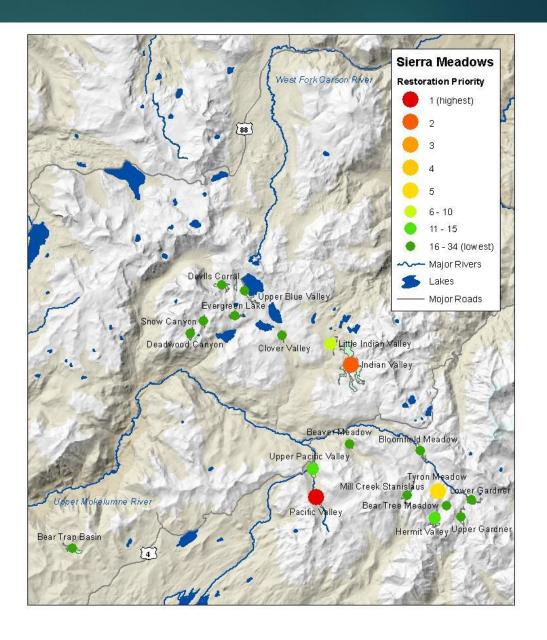
Cornerstone meadows are sensitive to snowpack, rainfall variability

Prelim results presented at 2017 ACCG Monitoring Symposium



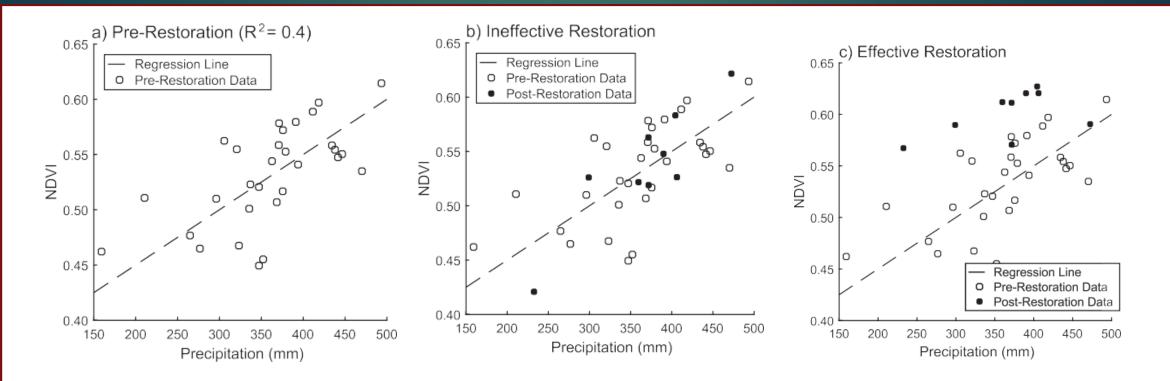
Sierra Nevada Meadow Restoration Prioritization Process

ACCG determines other factors important in selection process



#### American Rivers Scorecard Priorities

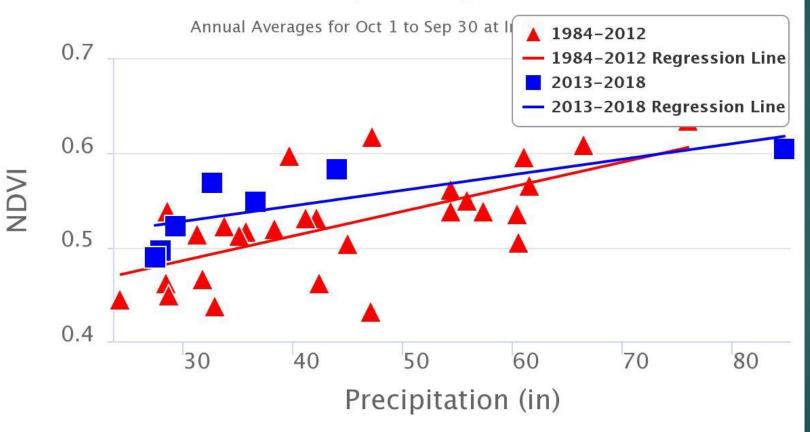
# Using Climate Engine to evaluate restoration effectiveness



From Hausner et al, 2018

## Indian Valley – Climate Engine Data

#### Mean NDVI (Landsat 4/5/7/8 SR) vs Total Precipitation (gridMET)



#### Application at ClimateEngine.org

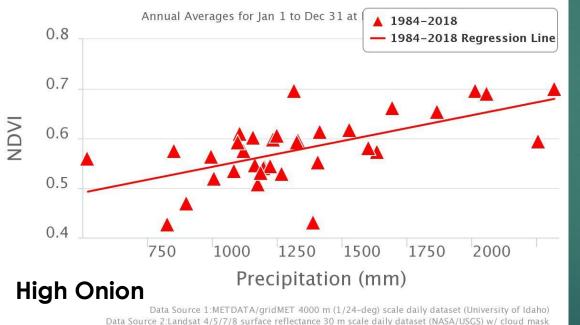
Training was provided to ACCG members

NDVI – indicator of plant vigor. Lower values – plant stress

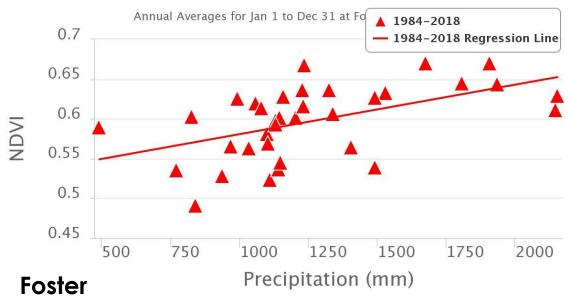
Data Source 1:METDATA/gridMET 4000 m (1/24-deg) scale daily dataset (University of Idaho) Data Source 2:Landsat 4/5/7/8 surface reflectance 30 m scale daily dataset (NASA/USGS) w/ cloud mask

## Pre-Restoration Conditions for Meadows



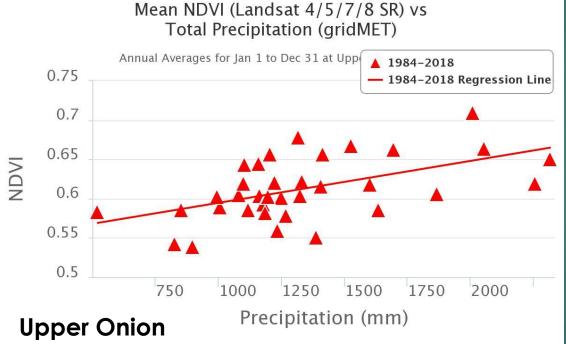


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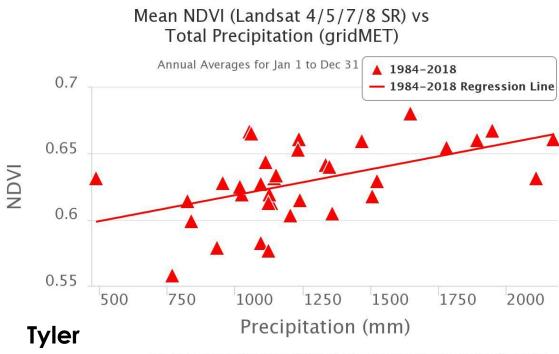


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