





3. Promote a fire resilient landscape

3.1 Modify the landscape vegetation by placing treatments and creating conditions (i.e., landscape heterogeneity) that allow for the safe and effective use of fire management, which includes fire suppression, use of managed wildland fire, and prescribed fire, while protecting public and community health and safety and reducing the risk of fire damaging highly valued resources and assets and critical infrastructure.

Forest: CSO PACs

**Forest: CSO HRCAs/
Territories outside
PACs**

**Late-Seral-Forest/ Highest
quality CSO Nesting, Roosting
Habitat outside PACs, HRCAs/
Territories**

**Forest: T&E
Species Habitat**

**Other General
Forest**

**Other General
Forest (dead/
diseased)**

**Inventoried
Roadless Areas**

**Proposed
Wilderness ?**

**Fuels Reduction,
Forest Thinning,
Prescribed Fire**

Salvage

**Forest Thinning
From Below?
(NYLRP)**

**Prescribed
Fire**

**Managed
Wildfire**



P&N

Goal

Focus Area(s)

Treatment Type

4. Maintain and support economic opportunities to local communities

4.1 Implement forest management activities with an emphasis on the maintenance of safe and consistent access to National Forest Systems (NFS) lands for recreation and industry uses (i.e., timber and concessionaire businesses on and near NFS lands).

Critical Infrastructure: Evacuation Routes, Structures, Rec Sites, Emergency Services/ Communication Infrastructure

Hazard Tree Removal

Critical Infrastructure: Roads

Road Maintenance and/or Reconstruction

4.2 Manage forest resources in an economically efficient and cost-effective manner to maintain and support a viable local circular forest economy.

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Biomass, Wood Utilization